IFSA 2014 PhD course



	Morning	Afternoon	Evening
Sunday 30th	Introductions:	 Systems theoretical lineages and 	'Walking our talk': grounding
March	 sharing our research and systems 	traditions	what has been presented in
	trajectories	Implications of these traditions for	your own context. Practical
	working as a critical learning systems	practice	exercise over dinner
	(CLS) community	 Introducing systemic inquiry 	
	 reviewing pre-course assignments & 	(SI session 1)	
	taking an overview of the course book		
Monday 31st	Farming systems research – learning	How different systems traditions	
March	from history	might engage in farming in the	
	Exploring contexts & emerging issues	future	
		 Bridging systems approaches 	
		 Contextualising you and your PhD 	
		research	
		(SI session 2)	
Tuesday 1st April	 Using systems approaches, tools and 	Conference registration from 14.00	
	techniques		
	Conducting a systemic inquiry at the		
	IFSA symposium (SI session 3)		
Wednesday 2 nd	Conference sessions	Conference sessions	5pm to 6pm
April			CLS community reflections
			session 1
Thursday 3 rd April	Field Trips	Field Trips	
Friday 4th April	Conference sessions	Conference sessions	5pm to 6pm
			CLS community
			reflections session 2
Saturday 5 th April	Final course assignment:		
	Linking your future research trajectory		
	design to systems thinking and		
	practice. Presentations.		
	Final reflections		

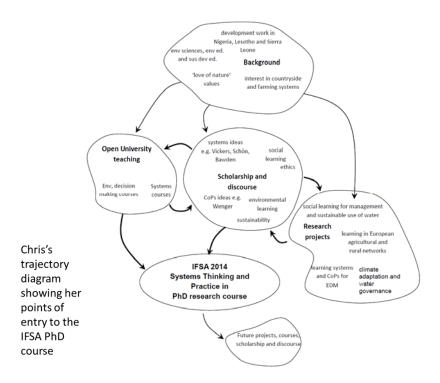
Prepare an elevator speech

 What do you mean by `systems' in your research context and how are you using systems/planning to use systems in your PhD research?

Farming Systems Research into the 21st Century: The New Dynamic

Darnhofer, Ika, Gibbon, David, Dedieu, Benoît (Eds.)





Timeline: Our influences: ideas and events

- 1. Put your name on one card & place it when you were born
- 2. Name a person who has influenced your thinking a lot & their role....when?
- 3. Note key ideas that have influenced you (book, discourse, tradition)....when?
- 4. Note key events that have influenced you (critical incidents in your learning)

A critical social learning system

.....is a collection of individuals who agree to act together as a coherent group of people who are prepared to 'collectively learn their way through' an issue that they all agree is problematic in some way or another to them all.

Bawden (2010)

Critical social learning systems

We need to learn how to

- be rigorously *critical* of the way that we are currently living our lives and we need to learn how to harness that criticism to achieve constructive changes in our ways of being-in-the-world our lifeworld as it were.
- act collectively as families, tribes, communities, organizations and societies, as it
 is only through such social collaboration that our circumstances can be
 improved on the scale that present circumstances dictate.
- transform our shared new experiences into new knowledge that we can then
 use as the basis for our collective, consensual judgments about desirable,
 feasible and defensible actions to take in the name of responsible and
 sustainable improvements.
- approach these issues systemically, with a sense of their wholeness, their patterns of inter-connectedness, their dynamics, their embeddedness, and their emergent properties

Bawden, 2010 (Messy Issues, Worldviews and Systemic Competencies)

A critical social learning system is characteristically critical in three aspects:

- (a) It is inherently critical of the conditions of the environments in which it identifies itself as being embedded and to which it seeks improvements.
- (b) It is critically reflective (reflexive) about its own structure and functions and is consistently monitoring itself and adapting its behaviours in response to those reflections.
- (c) It is critically conscious of the character and implications of each boundary judgment that it makes with particular reference to what and who it includes and excludes from its activities as an improvement-seeking social learning system.

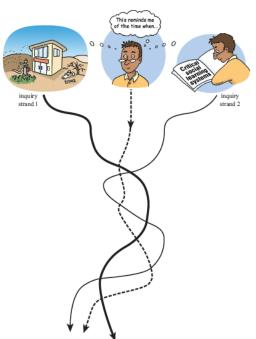
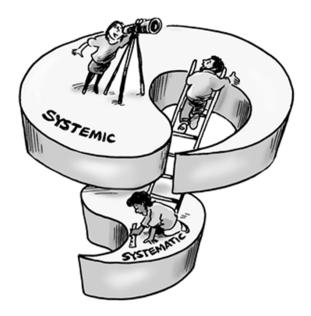


Figure 3.8 Braiding strands of inquiry and linking with your own experience



Systemic and systematic thinking and practice understood as a duality. Systemic means pertaining to a whole, systematic is linear, step-by-step thinking or action. (Source: Ison 2010).